COLLABORATIVE PROJECTS



CIP Security towards achieving Industrial grade security

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Agenda



First session

- The structure of the security working group
- CIP-IEC-62443-4-x assessment progress
- The report of the investigation for IEC 62443-4-2

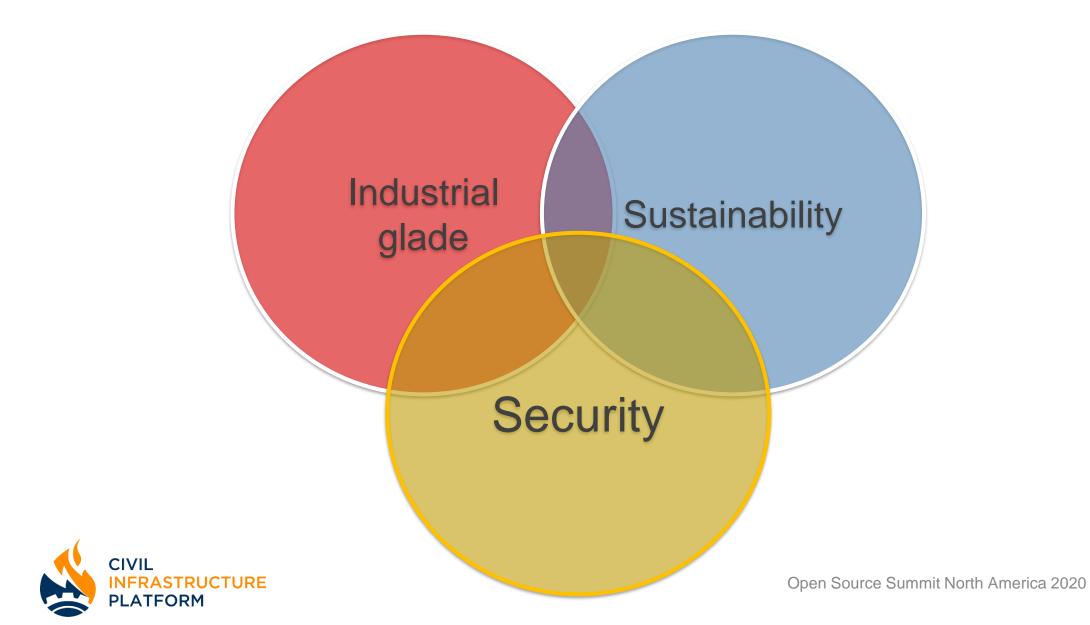
Second session

- CIP approach to meet IEC-62443-4-1 requirements
- IEC-62443-4-1 key practices
- IEC-62443-4-1 key requirements and challenges to meet
- Advantage CIP Vs non-CIP OSS distributions



Security is one of the key challenges of the CIP project

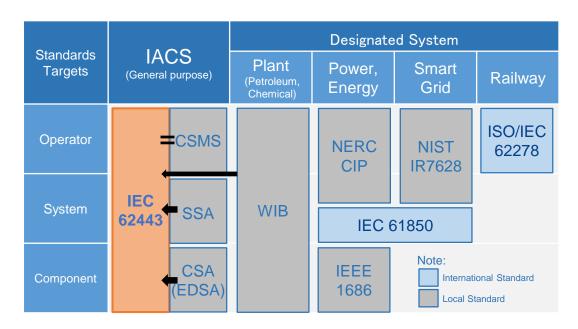


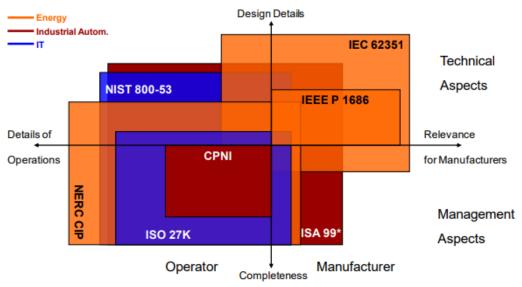


Addressing integrated cyber security for the industry



 IEC 62443 is an international standard series that integrates major industrial security standards for each industry. And the series is for all players in the industrial automation and control systems, IACS.





*ISA 99 indicates IEC 62443



Mission and goal



Security working group's mission:

Provide "Open source base layer - OSBL" needed for developing products compliant with IEC 62443-4-2 security requirements as well as to keep its security up to date.

Goal:

Get suppliers IEC 62443-4-2 certified.

For that...

Our solution makes IEC 62443-4-2 certification easier!





The structure of this working group



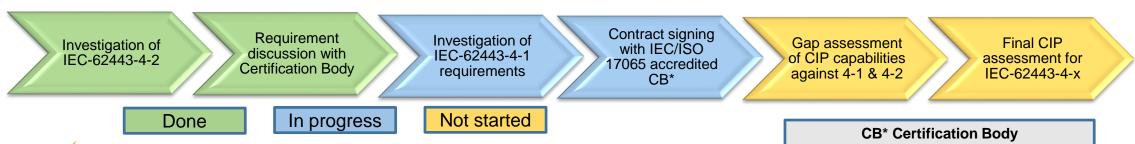
- Members
 - 8 people from 6/8 CIP member companies
- Meetings
 - <In private> CIP security WG meeting, every other Wednesday
 - <In private> CIP security technical IRC, every Thursday
 - CIP TSC meeting, CIP kernel IRC, ...



CIP-IEC-62443-4-x assessment progress



- CIP Security Work Group began investigation of IEC-62443-4-2 to understand about security requirements
- Each requirement of IEC-62443-4-2 was reviewed and investigated how it can be met by adding Debian packages
- From CIP's investigation of IEC-62443-4-2, it was evident CIP can meet SL-3, however it is yet to be confirmed with Certification Body
- We have clarified several queries with CB related to development and maintenance, but still few things would be clarified as part of Gap assessment
- Further details is available at <u>CIP IEC info page</u>
- One of the IEC/ISAO 17065 accredited Certification body has been finalized for CIP IEC-62443-4-x assessment

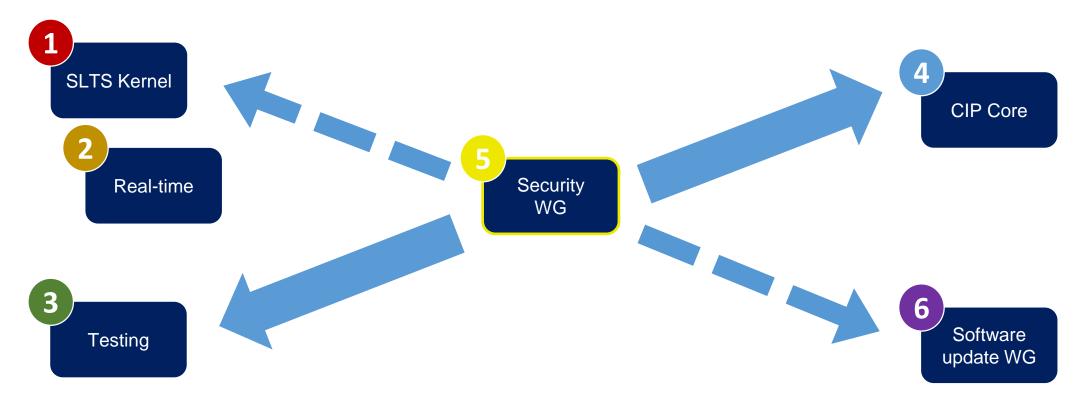




Contribution to achieve industrial security



- Provide test cases / package lists / secure SW updating to meet IEC 62443-4-2 technical requirements
- Define secure process based on IEC 62443-4-1* tailored to each development life-cycle
 - *Required to support the secure software development processes described in IEC 62443-4-1 to get IEC 62443-4-2.





The report of the investigation for IEC 62443-4-2



- Chose a list of about 20 valid debian packages to meet security level 3 of IEC 62443-4-2
- Provide a viable solution for 48 of all 77 requirements for embedded devices

SL-3 Requirements for embedded devices including enhancement

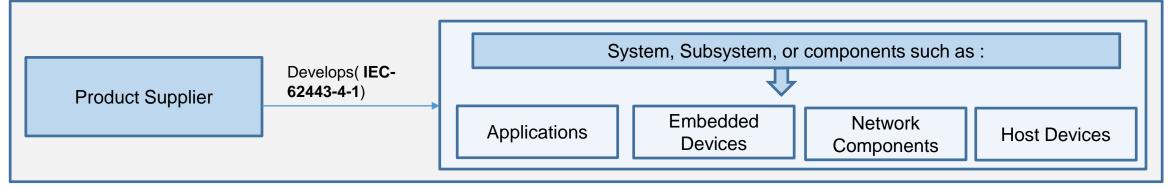
FR 1 – Identification and authentication control (IAC)	15 / 19 requirements, including 3 HW requirements
FR 2 – Use control (UC)	12 / 19 requirements, including 3 HW requirements
FR 3 – System integrity (SI)	11 / 20 requirements, including 6 HW requirements
FR 4 – Data confidentiality (DC)	04 / 05 requirements
FR 5 – Restricted data flow (RDF)	00 / 01 requirements
FR 6 – Timely response to events (TRE)	03 / 03 requirements
FR 7 – Resource availability (RA)	03 / 10 requirements



IEC-62443-4-1 Practices



- ✓ Security Management
- ✓ Specification of Security Requirements
- √ Secure by Design
- ✓ Secure Implementation
- ✓ Security verification and validation testing
- ✓ Management of security related issues
- ✓ Security update management
- √ Security guidelines



Source* http://my.ldrasoftware.co.uk/repository/whitepapers/Applying_IEC_62443_4_1_Technical_Overview_v2_0.pdf



IEC-62443-4-1 Key elements



- The scope of IEC 62443-4-1 is limited to the developer and maintainer of a secure product
- Encourages security concerns to be proactively addressed at an early stage in the product lifecycle
- Encourages to do Threat analysis and risk assessment to establish trust boundaries for process, data and control flow
- A thorough Security verification and validation testing



Key challenges to meet 4-1 requirements in CIP



• Considering open source nature of CIP and not being end product, there are few challenges for meeting IEC-62443-4-1 requirements

Development environment security	Following secure design principles	Defence in depth measures	Security implementation review	Defining Threat Model
In OSS development, many developers contribute, making sure all stages of development are secured is the challenge	OSS components are designed by many people and organizations, ensuring secure design is challenging	Ensuring defence in depth measures will be supported by environment where product is deployed is bit challenging	Reviewing all changes or implementation to confirm security measures is challenging	CIP being a platform poses challenge to define Threat Model since it's boundaries are not known



CIP's approach to address 4-1 key challenges



 Despite many challenges, CIP Security work group is embarking to meet these challenges and will further discuss with CB ways to overcome these challenges

Development environment security	Following secure design principles	Defence in depth measures	Security implementation review	Defining Threat Model
 Re-use existing OSS infrastructure such as combination or private and public repos Exploit merge feature to control software modifications 	 CIP plans to document how to protect open interfaces, restricted access based on roles Few secure design principles depend upon type of product and it's use cases Plan to discuss further with CB during Gap assessment 	 The overall objective is to reduce attack surfaces Document general measures for defence in depth Product specific measures have to be taken by end product owners 	 CIP team reviews each security fix before applying to CIP Plans to closely track CVEs of critical issues and regularly release security fixes 	 Threat model needs to be defined with respect to some product, CIP being a platform can't address all aspects of threat modelling It is planned to define a generic threat model to meet this requirement



Maintaining IEC-62443-4-x certification for long term



Final certification for IEC-62443-4-x

CB defines change control process along with certification



Follow change control process and modify/update certified product

Changes are allowed as many times as required



After 3 years CB audits all the past changes

If all changes are found in accordance with change control process, certification is renewed/invalidated



Creating CIP isar test image with security packages



Download isar iec security evaluation source from repository

\$git clone https://gitlab.com/cip-project/cip-core/isar-cip-core.git
\$git checkout security/iec-evaluation

Install kas-docker

\$wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/siemens/kas/master/kas-docker
\$chmod a+x kas-docker

Build image for QEMU x86 64bit machine.

\$./kas-docker --isar build --target cip-core-image-security kas.yml:boardqemu-amd64.yml

Run image in QEMU

\$./start-qemu.sh x86

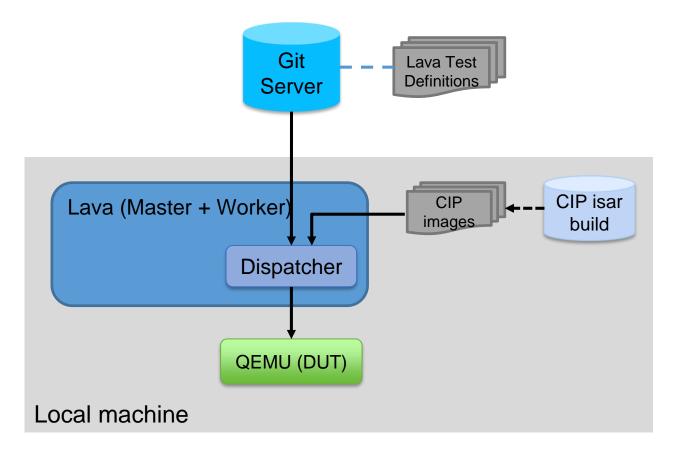


Running IEC security requirement tests in LAVA



This diagram shows current Lava setup in local machine for testing before final integrating with CIP LAVA test framework

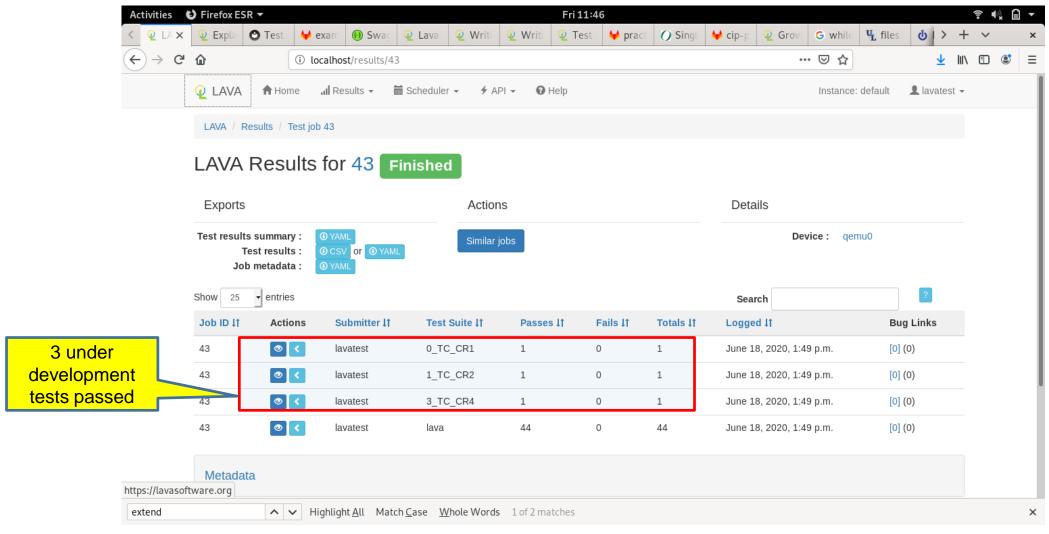
- Lava master and worker is installed in local machine
- DUT images are build locally and accessible in local machine
- Lava test definitions are kept in gitlab server.





Viewing LAVA test results







CVEs tracking plan



 In order to meet some of the IEC-62443-4-1 requirements as mentioned below, CIP plans to use existing open source tools to automate CVEs monitoring

"Before making product releases critical security fixes should be incorporated and made available to end user"

"Receiving notifications for security related issues"

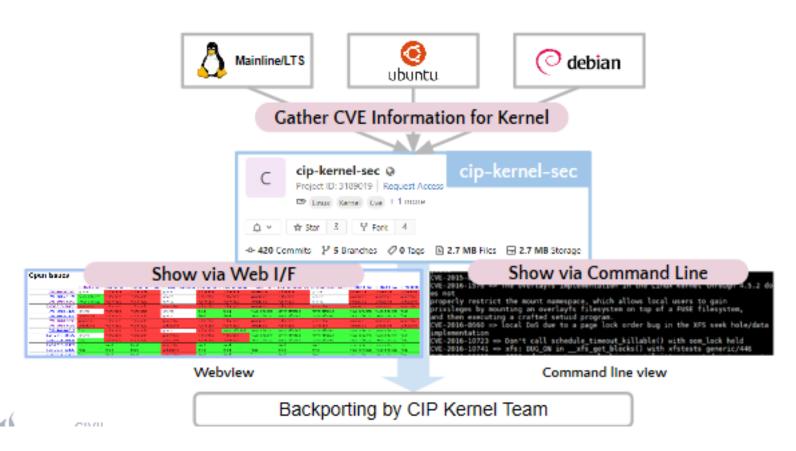
- The plan is to run vulnerability scanner such as cve-check-tool, cvechecker, sw360 or "dependency track" periodically on CIP packages and take appropriate actions such as applying upstream patches or backporting patches
- Investigations to finalize vulnerability scanner is in progress



CVEs tracking in CIP kernel



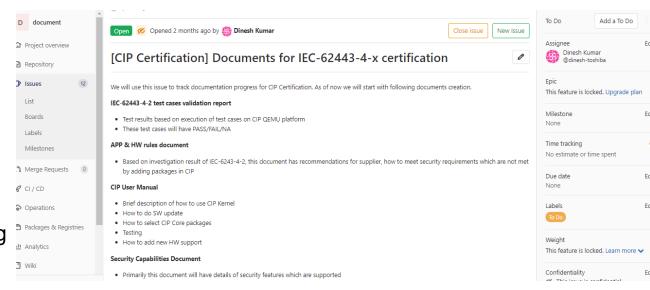
• CIP Kernel team is already using cip-kernel-sec to track kernel CVEs



CIP IEC-62443-4-x assessment document management



- There are several requirements from CB for maintaining IEC assessment documents
 - a. Maintain version of each document
 - b. Restricted access of some documents such as secure design and IEC information documents
 - c Versions could be compared
- Considering above points CIP has decided to maintain assessment documents
 - a. Most of the documents should be created using Markdown to meet above requirements
 - b. There will be two repositories, one public and another one private, private repository will have restricted access
- All documents will be maintained in CIP gitlab repositories
- Recently this document management approach has been approved by CIP TSC members





Advantages comparison CIP vs Non-CIP(OSS) distributions



ltems	CIP	Non-CIP (OSS)
Dedicated kernel maintainers for SLTS up to 10 years	✓	×
IEC-62443-4-x assessed platform	√	×
Close monitoring of CVEs at user and kernel level	✓	×
Extended support from Debian ELTS for specific packages	✓	×
Regular automated testing on multiple SOCs with published test results on KernelCl	✓	×
Strong support from big players of embedded system industry	✓	×



What's next from CIP security perspective



- Gap Assessment for compliance with IEC-62443-4-x
 - Finish Gap Assessment and work on gaps highlighted in assessment report
- Final CIP assessment for IEC-62443-4-1 & IEC-62443-4-2
 - Work with CB and initiate final CIP assessment for conformity with IEC-62443-4-1 & IEC-62443-4-2
- Publish Assessment reports, guidelines as well additional packages required to meet IEC-62443-4-x requirements
- Post assessment, document all the requirements of IEC-62443-4-2
 which need to be met by supplier



References



- To get the latest information, please contact:
 - CIP Mailing List: <u>cip-dev@lists.cip-project.org</u>
- Other resources
 - Twitter: @cip_project
 - LinkedIn: Civil Infrastructure Platform
 - CIP Web Site: https://www.cip-project.org
 - CIP Security: https://wiki.linuxfoundation.org/civilinfrastructureplatform/cip-security
 - CIP News: https://www.cip-project.org/news/in-the-news
 - CIP Wiki: https://wiki.linuxfoundation.org/civilinfrastructureplatform/
 - CIP Source Code
 - CIP repositories hosted at kernel.org: https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/cip/
- CIP GitLab: https://gitlab.com/cip-project



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Q&A section

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Thank You!

For attending CIP mini-summit OSSNA